Audited Financial Statements and Compliance Report

June 30, 2021



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Audited Financial Statements

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the City Council Roseville, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Transportation Development Act Funds of the City of Roseville, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Transportation Development Act Funds of the City of Roseville as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

To the City Council City of Roseville, California

Emphasis-of-Matter

As discussed in Note B, the financial statements present only the Transportation Development Act Funds of the City of Roseville and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the City of Roseville as of June 30, 2021, the changes in financial position, or where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Prior Year Comparative Information

We have previously audited the TDA Fund financial statements dated March 24, 2021. In our opinion the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated April 26, 2022 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting related to the Fund and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters, including the Transportation Development Act and other state program guidelines. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Richardson & Company, LLP

April 26, 2022

TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT ACT FUNDS

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2021 (With Comparative Totals as of June 30, 2020)

		Transit Fund	Т	ransportation Fund
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	290,797 8,369	\$	3,030,499
Due from other agencies Interest receivable		6,170,873 4,093		1,099,108
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		6,474,132		4,129,607
NONCURRENT ASSETS Capital assets, nondepreciable		3,433,865		3,447,585
Capital assets, depreciable, net TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	_	11,461,090 14,894,955		18,666,925 22,114,510
TOTAL ASSETS		21,369,087		26,244,117
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		120.022		260.541
Pension plan Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) plan		130,023 50,000		269,541 36,000
TOTAL ASSETS AND		30,000		30,000
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	21,549,110	\$	26,549,658
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION				· · ·
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued salaries and benefits Due to other funds	\$	603,448 13,633	\$	228,505 14,817 1,130
Compensated absences		39,047		61,186
Unearned revenue		4,108,827		2,366,147
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	_	4,764,955	_	2,671,785
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Compensated absences Net pension liability Net OPEB liability		55,771 828,043 442,000		77,363 1,716,552 317,000
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		1,325,814		2,110,915
TOTAL LIABILITIES		6,090,769		4,782,700
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		4,789		9,927
Pension plan OPEB plan		210,000		150,000
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		214,789	_	159,927
NET POSITION		,		/-
Investment in capital assets Restricted		14,894,955 348,597		22,114,510
Unrestricted				(507,479)
TOTAL NET POSITION	_	15,243,552		21,607,031
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERED INFLOWS				
OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$	21,549,110	\$	26,549,658

			То	tals	
	CTSA Fund		2021		2020
\$	296,220	\$	3,617,516	\$	8,369,296
			8,369		9,132
	2.754		7,269,981		2,029,246
	2,754 298,974		6,847		10,632 10,418,306
	270,771	_	10,702,713	_	10,110,500
			6,881,450		5,428,956
	220,289		30,348,304		27,152,436
	220,289		37,229,754		32,581,392
	519,263		48,132,467		42,999,698
	48,548		448,112		871,572
	3,000		89,000		165,280
\$	570,811	\$	48,669,579	\$	44,036,550
	0,0,000	Ť	10,000,000	Ť	,
¢	47.214	Ф	070.167	Ф	(00.750
\$	47,214 18,276	\$	879,167 46,726	\$	689,752 64,242
	10,270		1,130		04,242
			100,233		141,288
			6,474,974		5,766,285
	65,490		7,502,230		6,661,567
			133,134		139,254
	309,177		2,853,772		3,350,773
	24,000 333,177		783,000 3,769,906		858,999 4,349,026
-		_		_	
	398,667		11,272,136		11,010,593
	00		1 4 70 .		0.000
	1,788		16,504		276,823
	11,000		371,000 387,504	_	326,279
	12,788		367,304		603,102
	220,289		37,229,754		32,581,392
			348,597		407,257
	(60,933)		(568,412)		(565,794)
	159,356		37,009,939		32,422,855
\$	570,811	\$	48,669,579	\$	44,036,550

TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT ACT FUNDS

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021 (With Comparative Totals as of June 30, 2020)

OPERATING REVENUES Passenger fares TOTAL OPERATING REV	Transit Fund \$ 268,331 VENUES 268,331	Transportation Fund
OPERATING EXPENSES Salaries and benefits Purchased transportation Maintenance, materials and supplies Depreciation TOTAL OPERATING EX	325,383 3,491,937 1,566,671 1,176,187 PENSES 6,560,178	\$ 1,136,733 695,464 717,981 2,550,178
OPERATIN	NG LOSS (6,291,847)	(2,550,178)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Local Transportation Funds - operating State Transit Assistance funds State of Good Repair funds	1,468,866 590,073 185,429	1,782,670
Federal and state grants - operating Interest revenue(expense) Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets Other revenues	2,697,738 (36,066) (71,265) 189,424	2,055 (785) 59,422
TOTAL NONOPE REVENUES (EXI		1,843,362
NET LOSS BEFORE C CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRA	CAPITAL	(706,816)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS Local Transportation Funds - capital Federal and state grants - capital Capital contributions from City governmental activities	1,562,617 3,588,438	1,437,551 45,497
Transfer in from other City funds TOTAL CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRA	91,422 NSFERS 5,242,477	1,483,048
CHANGE IN NET PO	OSITION 3,974,829	776,232
Net position, beginning of year	11,268,723	20,830,799
NET POSITION, END C	DF YEAR <u>\$ 15,243,552</u>	\$ 21,607,031

	Totals					
CTSA Fund		2021		2020		
 1 unu	_	2021		2020		
	\$	268,331	\$	750,072		
		268,331		750,072		
\$ 110,832		1,572,948		2,341,885		
		3,491,937		3,488,132		
315,169		2,577,304		3,236,212		
 8,566		1,902,734		1,615,464		
434,567		9,544,923	_	10,681,693		
(434,567)		(9,276,592)		(9,931,621)		
270,000		3,521,536		6,579,802		
		590,073		1,019,785		
		185,429		167,722		
1,479		2,701,272		44,112		
(889)		(37,740)		157,659		
		(71,265)		(108,773)		
 	_	248,846		246,351		
270,590		7,138,151		8,106,658		
(163,977)		(2,138,441)		(1,824,963)		
		3,000,168		2,053,030		
		3,633,935		1,087,591		
		-,000,000		19,425		
		91,422		90,801		
		6,725,525		3,157,919		
(163,977)		4,587,084		1,332,956		
 323,333		32,422,855		31,089,899		
\$ 159,356	\$	37,009,939	\$	32,422,855		

TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT ACT FUNDS

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021 (With Comparative Totals as of June 30, 2020)

	Transit Fund	Transportation Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers and users Payments to employees and related benefits Payments to suppliers NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 268,33 (680,47 (4,793,81) (5,205,95)	1) \$ (898,510) 3) (1,168,143)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Operating grants and other revenues Interfund transfers	3,812,25 91,42	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY NON-CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	3,903,68	2,074,008
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital grants Interfund transferscapital Purchases of capital assets	1,897,87	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets NET CASH USED BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(3,230,44	8
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest earnings on investments	19,79	, , , ,
NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	19,79	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(4,512,92	7) (170,466)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	4,803,72	3,200,965
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 290,79	<u> </u>

		Totals				
	CTSA Fund		2021		2020	
	runa	_	2021	_	2020	
_		\$	268,331	\$	750,072	
\$	(292,998)		(1,871,979)		(3,782,058)	
	(77,883)		(6,039,839)		(6,421,956)	
	(370,881)		(7,643,487)		(9,453,942)	
	297,859		6,182,995 91,422		12,068,665 89,812	
٠	297,859		6,275,547		12,158,477	
			3,166,982		1,302,501	
			(6,645,090) 22,728		(91,939) (3,149,968)	
	-		(3,455,380)		(1,939,406)	
	4,635		71,540		163,477	
	4,635		71,540		163,477	
	(68,387)		(4,751,780)		928,606	
	364,607		8,369,296		7,440,690	
\$	296,220	\$	3,617,516	\$	8,369,296	

TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT ACT FUNDS

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021 (With Comparative Totals as of June 30, 2020)

		Transit Fund	T1	ransportation Fund
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS				
TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY				
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Operating loss	\$	(6,291,847)	\$	(2,550,178)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash				
provided (used) by operating activities:				
Depreciation		1,176,187		717,981
Unrealized loss on investments		(54,538)		(45,723)
Change in operating assets, deferred outflows of				
resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources:				
Deferred outflows/inflows of resourcespension plan		83,334		10,348
Deferred outflows/inflows of resourcesOPEB plan		111,972		52,267
Accounts payable		319,333		(157,323)
Accrued salaries		(23,471)		(8,898)
Other accrued liabilities				
Compensated absences payable		(37,145)		3,504
Net pension liability		(469,510)		(32,264)
Net OPEB liability		(20,268)		(56,367)
NET CASH USED BY				
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(5,205,953)	¢	(2,066,653)
OI ERATING ACTIVITIES	Ψ	(3,203,933)	\$	(2,000,033)
NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS				
Capital assets transferred from City governmental activities	\$	(54,538)	\$	(45,723)
capital assess dansiened from City governmental activities	Ψ	(34,330)	Ψ	(43,723)

		Totals					
_	CTSA Fund		2021		2020		
\$	(434,567)	\$	(9,276,592)	\$	(9,931,621)		
	8,566 (5,234)		1,902,734 (105,495)		1,615,464		
	69,459 (43,238) 27,405 14,853		163,141 121,001 189,415 (17,516)		30,228 147,000 (1,602,492) 37,302		
	(13,534) 4,773 636		(47,175) (497,001) (75,999)		77,000 322,177 (149,000)		
\$	(370,881)	\$	(7,643,487)	\$	(9,453,942)		
\$	(5,234)	\$	(105,495)	\$	19,425		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2021

NOTE A – ORGANIZATION

The City of Roseville (the City) receives funds from the Placer County Transportation Agency under the provisions of the Transportation Development Act (TDA) from the Placer County Local Transportation Fund (LTF) under Article 4, Section 99260(a) and Article 8, 99400(a) and State Transit Assistance Fund (STAF) under Article 4, Section 6730(a). The STAF funds are to be used for public transportation purposes only. The City's Article 4 LTF funds are for the support of public transportation systems as defined in the TDA. The City also receives State of Good Repair funds under the STAF program, representing Senate Bill 1, the Road Repair and Accountability Act of 2017 funds.

NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation: The financial statements of the City of Roseville's Transportation Development Act Funds (the Funds) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

<u>Reporting Entity</u>: The financial statements are intended to present the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of only transactions recorded in the Funds. The Funds are included in the financial statements of the City.

<u>Fund Accounting</u>: The accounts of the Funds are organized on the basis of funds. A fund is an accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts established to record the financial position and results of operations of a specific governmental activity. The City utilizes the enterprise fund type of the proprietary fund group to account for the activities of the Funds. The following funds are used by the City to account for its TDA funds:

<u>Transit Fund</u>: The Transit Fund is used to account for the operation of the City's transit system. The principal operating revenues are charges to passengers for public transit services. Operating expenses include the cost of transit services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All other revenues and expenses are reported as nonoperating.

<u>Transportation Fund</u>: The Transportation Fund accounts for Local Transportation Funds which have been allocated for the purpose of street and road infrastructure and pedestrian and bicycle improvements.

CTSA Fund: The CTSA Fund accounts for Local Transportation Fund which have been allocated by the Western Placer Community Transit Service Authority to the City of Roseville for the construction and operation of the South Placer Transit Information Center including the Mobility Training Program and the operation of the Transit Ambassador Program.

Basis of Accounting: The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All proprietary funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. Net position is segregated into the investment in capital assets, amounts restricted and amounts unrestricted. Proprietary fund-type operating statements present increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in net position.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized by proprietary fund types. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. TDA and grant revenues are recorded when all eligibility requirements have been met. Revenues are deferred until the eligibility requirements are met.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2021

NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>: For the purposes of reporting cash flows, cash and cash equivalents are defined as those amounts included in the balance sheet caption "cash and investments" and consist of amounts held in the City's cash and investment pool, which are available on demand.

<u>Capital Assets</u>: Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost is not available provided such costs exceed the respective capitalization threshold and the expected useful life of the asset is greater than one year. Contributed capital assets are valued at their estimated acquisition value on the date of contribution. Capital assets with limited useful lives are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Alternatively, the "modified approach" is used for certain capital assets. Depreciation is not provided under this approach, but all expenditures on these assets are expensed, unless they are additions or improvements. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The estimated useful lives of the assets and capitalization thresholds are listed below:

Description	Useful Lives in Years	Capitalization Thresholds		
•				
Buildings	40	\$	20,000	
Improvements	20-40		None	
Equipment and vehicles	6-20		5,000	
Landscaping	12		20,000	
Bike paths	20		20,000	
Bridges	90		20,000	
Culverts	75		20,000	
Sidewalks	20		20,000	
Drain inlets	50		20,000	
Storm drains	75		20,000	
Traffic Signals	20		None	

The Funds have acquired certain assets with funding provided by federal and state assistance from various grant programs. The Funds hold title to these assets; however, the federal government retains an interest in those assets for which it has contributed funding should the assets no longer be used for transit purposes.

<u>Compensated Absences</u>: Compensated absences comprise unused vacation leave, vested sick pay and certain compensated time off, which are accrued as earned. The liability for compensated absences is determined annually and is recorded in each proprietary fund.

<u>Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources</u>: In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an expense/expenditure until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

As of June 30, 2021, the Funds have deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the City's pension and OPEB plans, as described in Notes N and O.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2021

NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Restricted Net Position</u>: Restrictions of net position show amounts that are legally restricted for specific uses under provisions of revenue sources.

<u>Use of Estimates</u>: The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP required management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE C – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

<u>Investment in the City's Cash and Investments Pool</u>: The Fund's cash and investments are held in the City's cash and investments pool. The City maintains a cash and investments pool and allocates interest to various funds based upon average cash balances. Investments held in the City's investment pool are available on demand to the Funds and are reported at fair value. The City's investment policy, interest rate risk and credit risk may be found in the notes to the City's basic financial statements.

NOTE D – DUE FROM OTHER AGENCIES

The due from other agencies for all funds consisted of the following at June 30, 2021:

Federal grants	\$ 7,079,167
State of Good Repair Funds	88,651
Other	102,163
Total due from other governmental agencies	\$ 7,269,981

NOTE E – INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS

Amounts reported as due to or from other TDA related funds arise in the normal course of business and are expected to be repaid shortly after the end of the fiscal year. At June 30, 2021, there were no interfund due to or due from balances.

Transfers in consisted of the following:

Receiving Transfer	Making Transfer	Purpose	
Transit Fund	General Fund	Municipal Services District #3	\$ 91,422
			\$ 91,422

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2021

NOTE F – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity in the combined funds consisted of the following for the year ended June 30, 2021:

	Balance at June 30, 2020	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2021
Capital assets, not being depreciated Land and easements Streets (modified)	\$ 1,839,081 2,304,491				\$ 1,839,081 2,304,491
Construction in progress	1,285,384	\$ 6,645,089		\$ (5,192,595)	2,737,878
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	5,428,956	6,645,089		(5,192,595)	6,881,450
Capital assets being depreciated					
Buildings	2,168,069				2,168,069
Improvements	4,956,383				4,956,383
Equipment and vehicles	15,994,765		\$(2,611,022)	4,725,080	18,108,823
Landscaping	1,190,122				1,190,122
Bike paths	6,531,682				6,531,682
Bridges	12,018,098				12,018,098
Culverts	348,248			467.515	348,248
Sidewalks	755,592			467,515	1,223,107
Drain inlets	75,699				75,699
Storm drains	164,362 479,947				164,362 479,947
Traffic Signals Total capital assets,	4/9,94/	-		·	4/9,94/
being depreciated	44,682,967		(2,611,022)	5,192,595	47,264,540
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	(478,049)	(54,201)			(532,250)
Improvements	(734,818)	(123,910)			(858,728)
Equipment and vehicles	(12,537,832)	(1,075,725)	2,517,029		(11,096,528)
Landscaping	(156,546)	(99,176)			(255,722)
Bike paths	(3,039,003)	(326,584)			(3,365,587)
Bridges	(343,276)	(133,534)			(476,810)
Culverts	(53,610)	(4,643)			(58,253)
Sidewalks	(144,450)	(57,259)			(201,709)
Drain inlets	(2,379)	(1,513)			(3,892)
Storm drains	(10,879)	(2,191)			(13,070)
Traffic Signals	(29,689)	(23,998)			(53,687)
Total accumulated depreciation	(17,530,531)	(1,902,734)	2,517,029		(16,916,236)
Net capital assets being depreciated	27,152,436	(1,902,734)	(93,993)	5,192,595	30,348,304
Total capital assets, net	\$ 32,581,392	\$ 4,742,355	\$ (93,993)	\$ -	\$ 37,229,754

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2021

NOTE G – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Changes in long-term liabilities consisted of the following for the year ended June 30, 2021:

	Balance June 30, 2020	Additions	Used	Balance June 30, 2021	Due Within One Year
Compensated absences Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	\$ 280,542 3,350,773 858,999	\$ 92,452	\$ (45,277) (497,001) (75,999)	233,367 2,853,772 783,000	\$ 100,233
	\$ 4,490,314	\$ 92,452	\$ (618,277)	\$ 3,870,139	\$ 100,233

NOTE H - FARE REVENUE RATIO

The City is required under the Transportation Development Act to maintain a fare revenue to operating expenses ratio of 15%. The calculation of the fare revenue ratio for the year ended June 30, 2021, is as follows:

Passenger fare revenues (excludes charter revenues)	\$ 268,331
Local funds - interest revenues	18,472
Local funds - advertising and other revenue	189,424
Local support - transfers in	91,422
	\$ 567,649
Operating expenses	\$ 6,560,178
Less allowable exclusions:	
Depreciation	(1,176,187)
	\$ 5,383,991
Fare revenue ratio	10.54%

The City was not in compliance with the 15% minimum required fare revenue ratio at June 30, 2021. However, Assembly Bill No. 90 (AB 90), signed into legislation on June 29, 2020, was enacted in response to the COVID-19 pandemic's impact on transit operators to hold them harmless for significant decreases in ridership and fare revenues. AB 90 prohibits the implementation of a penalty for failure to meet the required minimum fare revenue ratio during the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2021. No penalties will be applied to future years for the failure to meet the minimum required fare revenue ratio during these fiscal years. AB 149 was signed into legislation on July 16, 2021 that extends the waiver of penalties for failure to meet the required minimum fare revenue ratio through fiscal year 2022/23. AB 149 also revises the definition of operating costs to include in the calculation of the fare revenue ratio.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2021

NOTE I – UNEARNED REVENUE

The Local Transportation Fund (LTF) allocates monies to the transit system to support operations. LTF allocations are considered earned when they are properly spent for operations by the transit system. Allocations in excess of this amount are recorded as unearned revenue. The maximum eligibility for LTF allocations for the year ended June 30, 2021, was determined as follows:

	Transit Fund	Transportation Fund
Operating expenses	\$ 6,560,178	\$ 2,550,178
Adjustments:		
Depreciation	(1,176,187)	(717,981)
Fare box revenues	(268,331)	
State Transit Assistance and State of Good Repair	(776,502)	
Federal Transit Administration	(2,697,738)	(2,055)
Interest revenues	36,066	785
Other revenues	(189,463)	(48,437)
Loss on disposal of capital assets	71,265	
Net transfers - operating	(91,422)	
Maximum eligibility for operating	\$ 1,467,866	\$ 1,782,490
Capital expenditures	\$ 5,151,055	\$ 1,494,033
Adjustments:		
Federal contributions	(3,588,438)	
Other contributions		(56,482)
Maximum eligible for capital	\$ 1,562,617	\$ 1,437,551

A schedule of changes in unearned revenue for the year ended June 30, 2021, is as follows:

	Transit Fund								
	Local	Sta	te Transit			Exc	cess FTA		
	Transportation	As	ssistance			Fu	nds from		
	Funds		Capital		LCTOP	Veh	icles Sold	Other	Total
Beginning balance,									
July 1, 2020	\$ 2,108,921	\$	20,812	\$	481,548	\$	73,602	\$ 740,000	\$ 3,424,883
Allocations	3,647,790								3,647,790
Maximum LTF eligibility									
Operating	(1,468,866)								(1,468,866)
Capital	(1,562,617)								(1,562,617)
Unearned receipts								60,000	60,000
Interest Earned					6,623		1,014		7,637
Ending balance, June 30, 2021	\$ 2,725,228	\$	20,812	\$	488,171	\$	74,616	\$ 800,000	\$ 4,108,827

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2021

NOTE I – UNEARNED REVENUE (Continued)

	Transportation
	Fund
	Local
	Transportation
	Funds
Beginning balance,	
July 1, 2020	\$ 2,341,402
LTF Allocations	3,244,966
Maximum LTF eligibility	
Operating	(1,782,670)
Capital	(1,437,551)
Ending balance,	
June 30, 2021	\$ 2,366,147

NOTE J – STATE OF GOOD REPAIR

The State of Good Repair (SGR) was established by the California Legislature in 2017 by Senate Bill 1. SGR is a program that provides public transportation agencies with a consistent and dependable revenue source to invest in the upgrade, repair and improvement of the transportation infrastructure and improve transportation services. The City received \$185,247 of SGR funds during the year ended June 30, 2021. The receivable balance at end of year is included in due from other governmental agencies in the Statements of Net Position. As of June 30, 2021, funds received and expended were as follows:

Balance receivable at beginning of year	\$ 88,469
SGR funds received	185,247
Balance receivable (unearned) at end of year	\$ (96,778)

NOTE K - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City manages risk of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters by participating in the public entity risk pools described below and by retaining certain risks. The City maintains insurance coverage from a commercial carrier for its long-term disability and dental benefit plan.

Public entity risk pools are formally organized and separate entities established under the Joint Exercise of Powers Act of the State of California. As separate legal entities, those entities exercise full powers and authorities within the scope of the related Joint Powers Agreements including the preparation of annual budgets, accountability for all funds, the power to make and execute contracts and the right to sue and be sued. Each risk pool is governed by a board consisting of representatives from member municipalities. Each board controls the operations of the respective risk pool, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by member municipalities beyond their representation on that board. Obligations and liabilities of these risk pools are not the City's responsibility.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2021

NOTE K – RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Risk Coverage

The City is a member of the California Joint Powers Risk Management Authority (CJPRMA) which covers general liability claims up to \$40,000,000 and property damage up to \$400,000,000. The City has a self-insured retention or deductible of \$500,000 and \$25,000, respectively, per claim.

The City is also a member of the Local Agency Workers' Compensation Excess Joint Powers Authority (LAWCX), which covers workers' compensation claims up to \$5,000,000, and has excess coverage through CSAC-EIA up to the statutory limit. The City has a self-insured retention of up to \$500,000 per claim.

The contributions made to each risk pool equal the ratio of their respective payrolls to the total payrolls of all entities participating in the same layer of each program, in each program year. Actual surpluses or losses are shared according to a formula developed from overall loss costs and spread to member entities on a percentage basis after a retrospective rating.

Financial Statements for the risk pools may be obtained from CJPRMA, 3201 Doolan Road, Suite 285, Livermore, California 94551 and LAWCX, 1750 Creekside Oaks Drive, Suite 200, Sacramento, California 95833. Information regarding the City's risk management programs is available in the City of Roseville's comprehensive annual financial report.

NOTE L - CONCENTRATIONS

The Funds receive a substantial amount of its support from a statewide retail sales tax from the Local Transportation Fund and State Transit Assistance Fund created by the TDA. A significant reduction in the level of this support, if this was to occur, may have a significant impact on the Funds' activities.

NOTE M – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Contract Commitment: The City has a management, operations and call center services agreement with a transit contractor that ends September 30, 2021 with options to extend the contract through the year ended June 30, 2025. The City approve an extension on June 16, 2021 through the year ended June 30, 2023. Under the agreement, the City has agreed to pay a variable rate per vehicle revenue hour, a flat monthly fee and fees to clean bus stops and provide an electronic technician. The agreement may be terminated with 60 days advance notice. The City paid the contractor \$3,753,588 under the agreement during the year ended June 30, 2021. The maximum obligation to the City with the transit contractor is \$4,622,759 and 4,894,759 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2023 respectively.

<u>Grant Contingency</u>: The City receives funding form the Federal Transit Administration and the State of California that are subject to review and audit. Such audits could result in a request for reimbursement for expenses disallowed under the terms and conditions of the contracts. It is the opinion of management that no material liabilities will result from such potential audits.

Other Contingency: On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of a coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic. The COVID-19 outbreak is disrupting supply chains and affecting production and sales across a range of industries. The extent of the impact of COVID-19 on the City's operational and financial performance will depend on certain developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak, and the impact on employees and vendors and revenue sources, all of which are uncertain and cannot be predicted. At this point, the extent to which COVID-19 may impact the financial condition or results of operations is uncertain.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

June 30, 2021

NOTE N - PENSION PLAN

The City's Alternative Transportation employees are included in the City's Miscellaneous Plan, an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan on a cost sharing basis, administered by CalPERS, which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. The actuarial valuation for the City's Miscellaneous Plan received from CalPERS does not separately disclose information that is required to be reported under GASB 68 and 71 for the Funds; however, the City allocated the proportional share of the deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, net pension liability, and pension expense to the Funds based on the cash basis employer contributions paid on behalf of the Funds' employees compared to all of the City's Miscellaneous Plan employees. As of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, the deferred outflows of resources, net pension liability, deferred inflows of resources and pension expense related to the Funds were \$448,112, \$2,853,772, \$16,504 and \$(333,859), respectively. Pension expense was reported as part of salaries and benefits expenses. Detailed information about the City's collective net pension liability is available in Note 11 of the City's separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR). The City's ACFR may be obtained by contacting the City's Finance Department or on the internet at www.roseville.ca.us.

NOTE O - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN

The actuarial valuation for the City's OPEB plan does not separately disclose information that is required to be reported for the Transit Fund, Transportation Fund and the CTSA Fund. This information is available in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the City's OPEB plan as a whole. The net OPEB liability and related deferred inflows and outflows of resources reported in the Funds represent a proportional share of the OPEB liability for the City as a whole. The percentage of the City's OPEB liability that is recorded in the Funds is based on a proportion of contributions by each fund for the City as a whole. As of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, deferred outflows of resources, the net OPEB liability, deferred inflows of resources and OPEB expense were \$89,000, \$783,000, \$371,000 and \$45,000, respectively. OPEB expense was reported as part of salaries and benefits expense. Detailed information regarding the City's OPEB plan is available in the City's ACFR.



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*, THE TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT ACT AND OTHER STATE PROGRAM GUIDELINES

To the City Council City of Roseville, California

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Transportation Development Act Funds (the Funds) of the City of Roseville (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Funds' financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 26, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph in this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. Our audit was further made to determine that Transportation Development Act (TDA) Funds allocated and received by the City were expended in conformance with the applicable statutes, rules and regulations of the TDA and Section 6667 of the California Code of Regulations. We also tested the receipt and appropriate expenditures of bond funds, as presented in Note J to the financial statements, in accordance with other state program guidelines. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do

To the City Council City of Roseville, California

not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*, the TDA, or the other state program guidelines.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, the TDA and other state program guidelines in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Richardson & Company, LLP

April 26, 2022